from the etiologic agent for acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

Portion of project includes: One or more buildings in a multi-building project; one or more floors of a project or projects; a certain number of dwelling units in a project or projects. (Designation of a portion of a project does not require that the buildings, floors or units be contiguous.)

Project means low-income housing developed, acquired, or assisted by a PHA under the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (other than section 8) for which there is an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) between HUD and the PHA. For purposes of this part, the terms housing and public housing mean the same as project. Additionally, as used in this part, and unless the context indicates otherwise, the term project when used in the singular includes the plural, and when used in the plural, includes the singular, and also includes a "portion of a project," as defined in this section.

Public housing or public housing project. See definition of "project" in this section.

Service provider means a person or organization qualified and experienced in the provision of supportive services, and that is in compliance with any licensing requirements imposed by State or local law for the type of service or services to be provided. The service provider may provide the service on either a for-profit or not-for-profit basis.

Single person means a person who lives alone or intends to live alone, who is not an elderly person, a person with disabilities, a displaced person, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

Supportive service plan. See §945.205.

Supportive services means services available to persons residing in a development, requested by disabled families and for which there is a need, and may include, but are not limited to, meal services, health-related services, mental health services, services for nonmedical counseling, meals, transportation. personal care. bathing, toileting, housekeeping, chore assistance, safety, group and socialization activities, assistance with medications (in accordance with any applicable State laws), case management, personal emergency response, and other appropriate services.

[59 FR 17662, Apr. 13, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 5214, Feb. 9, 1996]

Subpart B—Application and Approval Procedures

§ 945.201 Approval to designate housing.

- (a) Designated housing for elderly families. To designate a project for occupancy by elderly families, a PHA must have a HUD-approved allocation plan that meets the requirements of §945.203.
- (b) Designated housing for disabled families. To designate a project for occupancy by disabled families, a PHA must have a HUD-approved allocation plan that meets the requirements of \$945.203, and a HUD-approved supportive service plan that meets the requirements of \$945.205.
- (c) Designated housing for elderly families and disabled families. (1) A PHA that provides or intends to provide a mixed population project (a project for both elderly families and disabled families) is not required to meet the requirements of this part. The PHA is required to meet the requirement of 24 CFR part 960, subpart D.
- (2) A PHA that intends to provide designated housing for elderly families or for disabled families must identify any existing or planned mixed population projects, reserved under 24 CFR part 960, subpart B, as additional housing resources, in its allocation plan, in accordance with § 945.203(c) (6).

§ 945.203 Allocation plan.

- (a) Applicable terminology. (1) As used in this section, the terms "initial allocation plan" refers to the PHA's first submission of an allocation plan, and "updated allocation plan" refers to the biennial update (once every two years) of this plan, which is described in paragraph (f) of this section.
- (2) As provided in §945.105, the term "project" includes the plural ("projects") and includes a portion of a project.
- (b) Consultation in plan development. These consultation requirements apply